Endovascular Debranched Aortic Repair Using the Unitary Stent Graft System for Treatment of Various Thoracoabdominal Aortopathies



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BACKGROUND

- Physician-modified endografts (PMEG) now the prevailing treatment for complex aortic aneurysms and thoracoabdominal aortic aneurysms (TAAA)¹
 - Increasingly used instead of custom manufactured grafts
 - Increasingly employed for juxta- and para-renal aortic pathologies
 - Increasing need for endovascular treatment of failed prior repairs
- ♦ Open surgical repair of TAAAs can be highly morbid²
- Operative mortality (30-day or in-hospital mortality) up to 7.5%; paraplegia and paraparesis up to $5.4\%^2$
- * This single center experience evaluates the investigational, physicianassembled unitary stent graft (USG) for endovascular debranched aortic repair (EDAR) of a diverse array of thoracoabdominal aortopathies.

METHODS

- Between November 2021 and March 2023, 15 consecutive high-surgical risk patients underwent EDAR to treat dissecting and non-dissecting TAAA, including failed prior repairs.
- A physician-sponsored investigational device pre-submission database (Q222702) \rightarrow prospectively maintained and retrospectively reviewed for:
- Mortality and major adverse events (MAEs) at 30 days
- **Technical success** (successful back-table assembly, delivery, and deployment of the USG; target vessel endoluminal bypasses; and infrarenal aortic interventions)
- Treatment success as assessed via clinical follow-up with imaging

RESULTS

- ✤ Technical success was achieved in all (100%), including endoluminal bypasses to all intended 57 visceral vessels.
- ◆ There was 1 episode of multiorgan failure and in-hospital mortality (6.7%) in a patient with disseminated intravascular coagulopathy.
- ✤ 30-day primary and secondary patency rates of 100%
- There were no type I or III endoleaks immediately or at 30-day follow up.
- O'Donnell TF, Dansey KD, Schermerhorn M, Zettervall SL, DeMartino RR, Takayama H, Patel VI. National Trends in Utilization of Surgeon Modified Grafts for Complex and Thoracoabdominal Aortic Aneurysms. J Vasc Surg. 2024;12:S0741-5214.
- 2. Coselli JS, LeMaire SA, Preventza O, de la Cruz KI, Cooley DA, Price MD, et al. Outcomes of 3309 thoracoabdominal aortic aneurysm repairs. J Thorac Cardiovasc Surg. 2015;151:1323-1338.

Numbe Gender Femal Male Cigaret Curr Prev Neve Renal f Creatin Conges Chronic Prior va Type of Type 1 Type] Type I Type 1 Type V Dissect



Figure 1. Endovascular debranched aortic repair utilizing the unitary stent graft system

Variables	Yale New Haven Hospital
r of Subjects	15
e	7 (46.7)
	8 (53.3)
te smoking	
ent smoker	4 (26.7)
ious smoker	9 (60.0)
er	2 (13.3)
ailure (dialysis / creatinine ≥ 2)	1 (6.7)
ine 1.4-1.9	3 (20.0)
tive heart failure	3 (20.0)
c obstructive pulmonary disease	4 (26.7)
scular intervention [failed repair]	7 (46.7)
aneurysm	
	1 (6.7)
Ι	5 (33.3)
II	1 (6.7)
V	5 (33.3)
\checkmark	1 (6.7)
tion	2 (13.3)

Table 1. Preoperative Patient Demographics

Yale NewHaven Health **Yale New Haven** Hospital

Variables	Yale New Haven Hospital
Number of Subjects	15
Time to Extubation	
12-24 Hours	0 (0.0)
<12 Hours	1 (6.7)
>24 Hours	0 (0.0)
In-OR	14 (93.3)
Length of Hospital Stay (day)	
Median	5
Interquartile range	2
Adverse Event	
All-Cause mortality (within 30 days or	1 (6 7)
prior to discharge)	1 (0.7)
All-cause mortality at last follow up	1 (6.7)
• Lesion-specific mortality at last follow up	1 (6.7)
Bowel ischemia	1 (6.7)
MI	0 (0.0)
Paraplegia	0 (0.0)
Renal failure	0 (0.0)
Respiratory failure	0 (0.0)
Stroke	0 (0.0)

CONCLUSIONS

- The nonanatomic and modular-based design of the Unitary Stent Graft System affords:
- Safe and effective, reproducible, "off-the-shelf" option for EDAR of various thoracoabdominal aortopathies
 - Including failed prior repairs
 - ✤ in patients at prohibitive risk for OSR and/or other endovascular branched and fenestrated therapies
- Staging option at every stage of implantation
- Applicable anatomically in 100% of patients in our experience
- Offers the advantages of ease of case planning, implantation, and reintervention